

## Related EZgene™ Products

Catalog #	Product Name	Preps	Price \$
R6311-01	Tissue RNA kit	50	150.00
R6311-02	Tissue RNA kit	250	650.00
R6811-01	96-well Tissue RNA kit	4x96	780.00
R6811-02	96-well Tissue RNA kit	20x96	3300.00
R6411-01	Blood RNA mini kit	50	150.00
R6411-02	Blood RNA mini kit	250	680.00

## Limited Use and Warranty

This product is warranted to perform as described in its labeling and in Biomiga's literature when used in accordance with instructions. No other warranties of any kind, express or implied, including, without limitation, implied warranties of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose, are provided by Biomiga. Biomiga's sole obligation and purchaser's exclusive remedy for breach of this warranty shall be, at the option of Biomiga, to replace the products, Biomiga shall have no liability for any direct, indirect, consequential, or incidental damage arising out of the use, the results of use, or the inability to use it product.

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## Introduction

The EZgene™ Plant Easy Spin RNA Kit provides an easy and fast method for isolating RNA from difficult plant tissues within 30 min. The Kit combines the reversible binding properties of EZBind RNA technology with a specially designed buffer system which can effectively remove DNA before RNA isolation. The lysate is passed through a EZgene™ DNA Clearance Column which will trap the genomic DNA. And trace genomic DNA can be eliminated by DNase I treatment (See detail in the protocol) when it is necessary.

## Storage and Stability

All components can be stored at room temperature. All kit components are guaranteed for 12 months from the date of production.

## Kit Contents

Catalog#	R6611-00	R6611-01	R6611-02
Preps	4	50	250
Buffer RLY	4 mL	55 mL	275 mL
Buffer RB	2 mL	40 mL	200 mL
RNA Wash Buffer	2 mL	24 mL	3 x 24 mL
DEPC-Treated H <sub>2</sub> O	3 mL	10 mL	50 mL
Plantaid	400 µL	5.5 mL	27.5 mL
RNA Columns	4	50	250
DNA Clearance Column	4	50	250
2 mL Collection Tubes	8	100	500
1.5mLRNase-free microfuge tube	4	50	250
Instruction Manual	1	1	1

## Trouble Shooting Guide

Problem	Possible reason	Suggested Improvement
Low A <sub>260</sub> /A <sub>280</sub> ratios	Protein contamination	Do a Phenol: Chloroform extraction. Loss of total RNA (up to 40%) should be expected.
Low A <sub>260</sub> /A <sub>280</sub> ratios	Guanidine Thiocyanate contamination	Add 2.5 volumes of ethanol and 0.1M NaCl (final concentration) to precipitate RNA. Incubate for 30 min at -20°C. Centrifuge at 10,000 g for 15 min at 4°C. Resuspend the RNA pellet in DEPC-treated water.
Low Yield	RNA in sample degraded	Freeze samples immediately in liquid nitrogen and store at -70°C after collect it.
Low Yield	The binding capacity of the membrane in the spin column was exceeded	Use of too much tissue sample exceeding the binding capacity of spin column will cause the decreasing of total RNA yield.
Low Yield	Ethanol not added to buffer	Add ethanol to the RNA Wash Buffer and DNase Stop Buffer before purification.
Genomic DNA contamination	Too much total RNA sample was used in RT-PCR.	Reduce total RNA amount used in RT-PCR to 50-100 ng.
Genomic DNA contamination	The sample may contain too much genomic DNA.	Reduce the amount of starting tissue in the preparation of the homogenate. Most tissues will not show a genomic DNA contamination problem at 30 mg or less per prep.  Reduce cell numbers to 1-2x10 <sup>6</sup> or increase buffer volume and do multiple loadings to column.

## Options: Removal of genomic DNA using DNase digestion

DNA digestion is necessary for downstream applications that are sensitive to very small amounts of DNA, for example, RT-PCR with low-abundance target. Generally, it is not required to do so since the EZgene RNA purification kit selectively isolates RNA and eliminates most of the DNA. If there is DNA contamination, either reduces the tissue amount or cell .DNase I, 1×DNase Buffer and DNase Stop Buffer not supplied. They could be purchased from Biomiga.

## Before Starting

Prepare all components and get all necessary materials ready by examining this instruction booklet and become familiar with each steps.

### Important

- ⚙ Add 1% volume of  $\beta$ -mercaptoethanol to Buffer RLY before use and store at 4°C.
- ⚙ Add 8mL (**R6611-00**) or 96 mL (**R6611-01**) or 96 mL (**R6611-02**) 100% ethanol to each RNA Wash Buffer before use.

### Materials supplied by users

- ⚙ Tabletop microcentrifuge.
- ⚙ 100% ethanol

**Note: Perform all steps including centrifugation at room temperature**

## Protocol for Extracting Total RNA From Plant Tissue

1. Weigh **100 mg** plant tissue in a 2 mL tube. Freeze the plant tissue in liquid nitrogen and grind using a rotor starter.
2. Transfer **10 volume (1 mL) Buffer RLY/ $\beta$ -mercaptoethanol** and **1 volume (100 $\mu$ L) Plantaid** to the tube containing the plant tissue immediately. Grind using a rotor starter again. Spin at 12000rpm for 2 min.

**Ensure that  $\beta$ -mercaptoethanol has been added before use. 10  $\mu$ L  $\beta$ -mercaptoethanol should be added in 1 mL RLY.**

3. Transfer the cleared lysate to a DNA Clearance column pre-inserted in a 2 mL Collection Tube. Centrifuge at 13,000 rpm for 2 min. Discard the DNA Clearance column and save the flow-through.

**Note :** This step is for genomic DNA removal.

4. Add **0.5 volume 100% ethanol** to the lysate (for example: **250  $\mu$ L 100% ethanol** for **500  $\mu$ L lysate**).
5. Transfer the solution into a RNA column and centrifuge at 13,000 rpm for 1 min. Discard the collection tube with the flow-through and put the column back to the collection tube.
6. Add **500  $\mu$ L Buffer RB** to the column and centrifuge at 13,000 rpm for 30s. Discard the flow-through.
7. Add **500  $\mu$ L RNA Wash Buffer** to the column and centrifuge at 13,000 rpm for 1 min. Discard the flow-through.

**Ensure that ethanol has been added to RNA Wash Buffer before use.**

8. Add another **500  $\mu$ L RNA Wash Buffer** to the column and centrifuge at

13,000 rpm for 30 s. Discard the flow-through and collection tube, put the column, **with the lid open**, back to the collection tube.

9. Centrifuge at 13,000 rpm for 2 min. Discard the flow-through.

**NOTE :** The residual ethanol will be removed more efficiently with the column lid open during centrifugation.

10. Place the column to a RNase-free 1.5 mL tube, add **30-50  $\mu$ L DEPC-treated ddH<sub>2</sub>O** to the column and centrifuge at 13,000 rpm for 1 min. The RNA is in the flow-through liquid. Store the RNA solution at -20°C. Reload the eluted RNA solution to the column and centrifuge at 13,000 rpm again.

**Note:** It is highly recommended that RNA quality be determined before downstream applications. The quality of RNA can be assessed by denatured agarose gel electrophoresis with the ethidium bromide staining. Several sharp bands should appear on the gel including 28S and 18S ribosomal RNA bands as well as certain populations of mRNA and bands. If these bands smear towards lower molecular weight RNAs, then the RNA has undergone major degradation during preparation, handling or storage, RNA molecule less than 200 bases in length do not efficiently bind to the RNA column. An  $A_{260}/A_{280}$  ratio of 1.8-2.0 corresponds to 90-100% pure nucleic acid.